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<u> </u>	HOST/MS (DHCP Client)	SGSN		GGSN (DHCP relay)		ISP (DHCP server)
	Activate PDP context request		SGSN performs:	otatio		
	{Access Point Name (APN), PDP-type=IP, QoS=4 (BE), end-to-end config.request}	<u> </u>	-subscription checking (state or dynamic QoS reservation-dynamic selected)APN->GGSN address translation via Domain Name System (DNS)	station-	GGSN performs: -APN->ISP address translation via DNSAllocates a DHCP- relay to the PDP request. No IP address is allocated.	slation y to the dress is
			Create PDP context request	quest		1
		1	(APN,PDP-type=IP, QoS=4(BE), TID, end-to-end config. request)	-4(BE), equest}		
	Activate PDP context accept		Create PDP context response	sponse		
	{QoS=4 (BE), NSAPI, end-to-end confirm}	lg g	(TID, end-to-end confirm, QoS-4(BE))	'n,		
	An IP bearer is established between the host/MS and the chosen DHCP-relay. The host/MS does not have an IP		Bearer established at LLC for all subscribed QoS delay classes.	LLC S delay		
	address.			- <b>-</b>		-

Signalling Sequence for IP Host Configuration.

HOST/MS (DHCP-client)	SGSN (DHCP-relay)	isP (DHCP-server)
UDP(DHCPDISCOVER)		•
(OPTIONS (host-ID=Peer-ID, lease_time, DHCP authentication token=Password)}	GGSN acts as a DHCP Relay Agent. GGSN may optionally be configured to send DHCP broadcasts from MS to specific DHCP Server. The GGSN may set Agent Remote Id = IMSI, Agent Circuit Id = TID, and Subnetmask.	UDP(DHCPDISCOVER) {OPTIONS: Agent Remote   Id=IMSI, SubnetMask}
UDP (DHCPREQUEST)		multiple DHCPOFFER messages might be received
(OPTIONS (DHCP server ID,)	{(	
	UDP(DHCPACK)	
	{yiaddr=IP-addr, OPTIONS (lease_time,)}	GGSN stores IP address for MS and PDP context

Signalling Sequence for IP Host Configuration.

LLC I or supervisory frame { N(R)=V(R), MSid, QoS delay class, downlink}  downlink}  GTP update PDP context response { MSid, TID, QoS=x, bw = max/mean bit rate + bucket depth, downlink}  If the bandwidth increase is accepted by the SGSN, the GGSN may optionally refresh the bandwidth of the IP tunnel towards the SGSN that the MS is attached to for the particular QoS delay class. These IP tunnels per SGSN/QoS delay class are preferably dimensioned so they do not become bottlenecks and are adjusted for each additional MS flow request.  The GGSN sends an updated RSVP RESV message towards the next router (possibly combining requests from several MSs for the same flow).				RSVP RESV	(FLOWSPEC, FILTERSPEC, session id)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	isory frame , QoS delay class,	<pre>/ MSid, TID, QoS=x, bw = max/mear bit rate + bucket depth, downlink}</pre>	If the bandwidth increase is accepted by the SGSN, the GGSN may optionally refresh the bandwidth of the IP tunnel towards the SGSN that the MS is attached to for the particular QoS delay class. These IP tunnels per SGSN/QoS delay class are preferably dimensioned so they do not become bottlenecks and are adjusted for each additional MS flow request.	The GGSN sends an updated RSVP RESV message towards the next router (possibly combining requests from several MSs for the same flow).	